

The Basics of JavaScript

How to Add JavaScript in XHTML

```
<html> <head>  
<script type = "text/javascript" > JavaScript Code </script> => Using this, JavaScript is directly Embedded in XHTML  
<script type = "text/javascript" src="source.js"> </script> => Using this, JavaScript is indirectly Embedded in XHTML  
</head></html>
```

Comment Lines

```
//single-line Comment, /* Multi-line Comment */, <!-- JavaScript/XHTML Style Comment -->
```

Primitive Data Types

Number, String, Boolean, Undefined, Null

General Syntax of Variables/Declaring Variables

General Syntax for Variable Declaration: var var_name;
Examples: var count = 100; var str = "hello"; var pi = 3.142; var flag = true;
Variables in JS are basically objects that supports various built-in properties & methods.

Input(Keyboard/Document) & Output(Screen/Document) Methods

I/P Methods: window.prompt(), window.confirm(), document.getElementById()
O/P Methods: window.alert(), document.write(), document.writeln()

Operators with Precedence & Associativity

Operators	Associativity	Operators	Associativity	Operators	Associativity
++, --, unary -	Right	>, <, >=, <=	Left	&&	Left
*, /, %	Left	==, !=	Left		Left
+, -	Left	===, !==	Left	=, +=, -=, *=, /=, %=, &&=, =	Right

Note: Highest precedence operators are listed first. Special operator: typeof()

Data Type Conversion Methods

Implicit: "August " + 2012 => "August 2012", 7 * "3" => 21
Explicit: String(value), var_name.toString(), var_name.toString(2), var_name.toString(8), var_name.toString(16), parseInt(), parseFloat()

Control Statements	
<p>Selection Statements:</p> <pre>if(expression) { single or compound statement(s); } else { single or compound statement(s); }</pre>	<p>Switch Statement:</p> <pre>switch(expression) { case value_1: statement(s); break; case value_2: statement(s); break; case value_3: statement(s); break; case value_n: statement(s); break; default: statement(s); }</pre>
<p>Loop statements:</p> <pre>while(control expression) { statement or compound statement(s); } do { statement or compound statement(s); } while(control expression);</pre>	<p>Loop Statements:</p> <pre>for(initial expression; control expression; increment expression) { statement or compound statement(s); } for(identifier in object) { statement or compound statement(s); }</pre>
Built-in Objects, Their properties & Methods	
<p>Object Name: Math</p> <p>Methods:</p> <p>floor(), round(), sqrt(), pow(), max(), min(), sin(),</p>	<p>Object Name: Number</p> <p>Properties:</p> <p>MAX_VALUE, MIN_VALUE, NaN, POSITIVE_INFINITY, NEGATIVE_INFINITY, PI</p>
<p>Object Name: String</p> <p>property: length</p> <p>Methods: charAt(), indexOf(), substring(), toLowerCase(), toUpperCase()</p>	<p>Object Name: Date</p> <p>Methods:</p> <p>toLocaleString(), getDate(), getMonth(), getDay(), getFullYear(), getTime(), getHours(), getMinutes(), getSeconds(), getMilliseconds()</p>
<p>Object Name: Array</p> <p>Property: length</p> <p>Methods: join(), sort(), concat(), slice(), push(), pop(), shift(), unshift()</p>	<p>Object Name: window</p> <p>Methods: confirm(), prompt(), alert()</p> <p>Object Name: document</p> <p>Methods: getElementById(), write(), writeln()</p>

User Object Creation & Modification

General Syntax to Create Object: `var obj_name = new Object();`

Example to create object & Assign properties to Object:

`var my_car = new Object(); my_car.make = "Ford"; my_car.model = "ikon"; my_car.color = "Silver"; my_car.year = 2012;`

Syntax to delete Object Properties: `delete obj_name.property_name;` Example: `delete my_car.model;` `delete my_car.make;`

Functions

```
<html>
<head>
<title> JS Function Example </title>

<script type="text/javascript">

document.write("<h1> Function With - No Parameter </h1>");

function display()
{
document.write("<p>The function example with no parameters</p>");
}

ref_fun = display;

display(); //call to function display

ref_fun(); //call to same function display using reference name

</script>
</head> <body> </body> </html>
```

Output of Above Function Example:
Function With – No Parameter
The function example with no parameters
The function example with no parameters

```
<html> <head> <title> JS Function Example </title>
<script type="text/javascript">

document.write("<h1> Function With - Parameters </h1>");
document.write("<h1>Method - Call By Value </h1>");

var n1 = parseInt(prompt("Enter First Number: "));
var n2 = parseInt(prompt("Enter Second Number: "));

//n1,n2 - are called actual parameters
var sum = addition(n1,n2);

document.write("<p>The Sum of "+n1+" & "+n2+" = "+sum+"</p>");

//num1,num2 - are called formal parameters
function addition(num1,num2)
{
return(num1+num2);
}

</script>
</head> <body> </body> </html>
```

Output of Above Function Example:
Function With - Parameters
Method - Call By Value
The Sum of 25 & 75 = 100

Functions

```
<html>
<head>
<title> JS Function Example </title>
<script type="text/javascript">

document.write("<h1> Function With - Array Parameters </h1>");
document.write("<h1>Method - Call By Reference </h1>");

var digits = new Array(1, "two", 3, "four", 5);

display(digits);

function display(new_digits)
{
  document.write("<h2> Array Elements Are:</h2>");
  for(var i=0; i<new_digits.length; i++)
  {
    document.write("<h2>" + new_digits[i] + "</h2>");
  }
}

</script>
</head> <body> </body> </html>
```

Output of above Function Example:

Function With - Array Parameters
Method - Call By Reference

Array Elements Are:

1
two
3
four
5

```
<html><head><title> JS Function Example </title>
<script type="text/javascript">

document.write("<h1> Function With - Parameters </h1>");
document.write("<h1> arguments[]- Array to store parameters</h1>");

var sum = addition(11,22,33);

document.write("<p>The Sum of Argument Values = "+sum+ "</p>");

function addition()
{
  var add=0;
  var no_argu = arguments.length;
  document.write("<p>Number of Arguments = " + no_argu + "</p>");
  for(var i=0; i<arguments.length; i++)
  {
    document.write("<p>Argument["+i+"] = "+arguments[i]+ "</p>");
    add = add + arguments[i];
  }
  return(add);
}

</script> </head> <body> </body> </html>
```

Output of above Function Example:

Function With - Parameters
arguments[]- Array to store parameters
Number of Arguments = 3
Argument[0] = 11
Argument[1] = 22
Argument[2] = 33
The Sum of Argument Values = 66

Constructors

```
/* JavaScript Constructors are special methods that create and initialize the properties & methods for newly created user objects */
<html> <head> <title> JS Constructor Example </title>
<script type="text/javascript">
document.write("<h1> My Car Details </h1>");

function car(new_make, new_model, new_color, new_year)
{
  this.make = new_make;
  this.model = new_model;
  this.color = new_color;
  this.year = new_year;
  this.display = display_car;
}

function display_car()
{
  document.write("<p> Make:" + this.make + "</p>");
  document.write("<p> Model:" + this.model + "</p>");
  document.write("<p> Color:" + this.color + "</p>");
  document.write("<p> Year:" + this.year + "</p>");
}

var my_car = new car("Ford","Ikon","Silver","2012");
my_car.display();

</script> </head> <body> </body> </html>
```

Output Of Above Constructor Example:

My Car Details
Make: Ford
Model: Ikon
Color: Silver
Year: 2012

